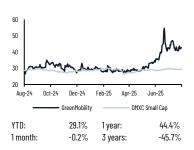
# **GreenMobility**



Market: OMXC Small Cap Ticker: GREENM Share price (DKK): 42.6 Market cap (DKKm): 252.0 Net debt (DKKm): 108.6 (Q2 2025) Enterprise value (DKKm): 360.6

## **Share information**



Note: We apply the closing price from 18 August 2025 (Source: Capital IQ)

#### **Financials**

(DKKm)	2023**	2024**	2025E***			
Revenue	75.3	129.5	142.5-146.4			
Revenue growth	0%	72%	10%-13%			
EBITDA	5.2	35.8	44.7-50.1			
EBITDA margin	7%	28%	31-34%			
Net income	-25.0	9.7	N/A			
Net income margin	-33%	7%	N/A			
Cash	36.2	9.5	N/A			
Interest-bearing debt*	171.6	134.0	N/A			
Note: *Interest-bearing debt continuing operations. ***Green!						

## **Valuation multiples**

	2023**	2024**	2025E*			
P/S(x)	2.6	1.5	1.7			
EV/Sales (x)	4.4	2.5	2.5			
EV/EBITDA (x)	63.2	8.9	7.6			
EV/EBIT (x)	N/A	26.9	N/A			
P/E (x)	N/A	20.1	N/A			
P/B (x)	18.8	31.0	N/A			
P/CF (x)	10.1	5.0	N/A			
Note: *Multiples in 2025E are based on midpoint in GreenMobility's guidance. **2023 and 2024 multiples are based on numbers for continuing operations.						

### **Company description**

Founded in 2016, GreenMobility is a car-sharing company within Mobility-as-a-Service. The company operates a fleet of approx. 1,400 electric vehicles with activities in Copenhagen and Aarhus. GreenMobility's smart app solution allows users to open and rent cars by using their smartphones. Following a period focused on growth and international expansion, the company has now shifted its focus to driving profitable growth in the home market while exploring new business opportunities.

#### **Investment case**

GreenMobility taps into megatrends such as the sharing economy, sustainability, and urbanization, with electric cars being a transportation activity and service in cities rather than an asset. The company has opened up to target the large rental market. In the capital region of Denmark, +26k¹ rental cars are registered vs. GreenMobility's current fleet of 1,400. This could increase the addressable market and the utilization of the existing fleet.

In July, GreenMobility raised the lower end of its full-year guidance ranges. Driven by ongoing operational optimizations, strict cost control, and data-driven marketing efforts, GreenMobility has lifted its customer numbers, revenue, and profitability to an all-time high level. In H1 2025, revenue increased by approx. 29%, while EBITDA grew by approx. 76% vs. H1 2024. The sharpened profitability focus and renewed operating model are further reflected in its improved EBITDA margin of 32.5% (vs. 23.8% in H1 2024). Additionally, net profit was positive at DKK 5.9m, and cash flow improved significantly in H1 2025, which also contributed to debt reduction through loan repayments. Looking ahead, GreenMobility remains committed to ensuring continued profitable growth in Denmark.

Based on its current 2025 revenue and EBITDA guidance (midpoint), GreenMobility trades at 2.5x EV/Sales (2025E) and 7.6x EV/EBITDA (2025E). This compares to a group of listed companies in the mobility sector that trade at median EV/Sales and EV/EBITDA multiples (2025E) of 1.3x and 10.7x, respectively.

## **Key investment reasons**

The growing focus on air pollution, traffic congestion, and reaching net-zero carbon emissions is expected to drive increased support from cities. This is highlighted by Copenhagen's target of 1,000 dedicated public parking spots for car-sharing during 2025, supporting further market uptake by increasing the attractiveness of car-sharing compared to private car ownership.

Following a good start to 2025, GreenMobility is on track to deliver results in line with, or potentially exceeding, its updated 2025 revenue and EBITDA quidance ranges.

To deliver on the next phase of profitable growth, GreenMobility has identified and is implementing growth levers, including long-term rentals, increased partner sales, and the use of automated marketing tools. In the long term, GreenMobility also plans to integrate fully self-driving cars into the fleet when the regulatory environment is in place.

## **Key investment risks**

GreenMobility has faced competition from other transportation providers such as Bolt and Uber, which poses risks related to price pressure and reduced demand. However, GreenMobility holds a solid competitive position due to its cost-efficient carsharing model that does not rely on costly chauffeurs. Moreover, the effects of competition have not been materially reflected in the H1 2025 results

In the short to medium term, price fluctuations on EVs create a risk of losses on the current fleet and could delay the potential for lowering cost per car by replacing the fleet with cheaper new models. Looking ahead, the company has changed its strategy on new fleet additions by no longer carrying the risk on prices.

Lower economic growth and declining consumer sentiment in Denmark could reduce the transportation demand, making GreenMobility's results sensitive to macroeconomic conditions.

<sup>1</sup>Danmark Statistik, <u>https://www.statbank.dk/BIL707</u>

#### Peer group

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Company C	Currencu	Price	Total return	Market cap	Net debt	EV/Sales (x)		Revenue growth (%)		EV/EBITDA (x)		EBITDA-margin (%)	
	Currency	(local)	YTD	(EURm)	(EURm)	2024	2025E	2024	2025E	2024	2025E	2024	2025E
Donkey Republic A/S	DKK	6.75	12.5%	24.1	5.8	1.3	1.3	27.2%	19.5%	7.5	8.3	17.1%	15.4%
Uber Technologies Inc	USD	93.98	55.8%	167,961.4	908.4	3.1	3.8	18.0%	17.1%	20.1	22.6	14.7%	16.9%
Lyft Inc	USD	16.02	24.2%	5,580.1	-842.4	0.9	0.9	31.4%	12.8%	10.3	10.7	6.6%	7.9%
Average			30.8%	57,855.2	23.9	1.8	2.0	25.5%	16.4%	12.6	13.9	12.8%	13.4%
Median			24.2%	5,580.1	5.8	1.3	1.3	27.2%	17.1%	10.3	10.7	14.7%	15.4%
GraanMahility A/S*	DKK	42 BO	20 1%	77 Ω	14.6	25	2 5	72 0%	11 5%	9.0	76	27 6%	<b>32.0%</b>

Note: We apply GreenMobility's own 2025 revenue guidance (midpoint) and Donkey Republic's own 2025 guidance (midpoint). Other estimates are based on analyst mean estimates from Capital (D. Data is extracted from 18 August 2025, and net debt is latest reported. Source: HC Andersen Capital, company reports, and Capital (D. \*Multiples for GreenMobility in 2024 are based on numbers for continued operations.



## **Appendix: Peer group**



Peer group selection: GreenMobility operates in a highly dynamic market with several different players. In this overview, we primarily apply GreenMobility's prospectus from the Main Market listing in 2020. Even though GreenMobility mainly operates in the free-floating car-sharing market, the free-floating market is affected by competition from other on-demand mobility segments like micromobility, stationary, and car-hailing. For perspectives on valuation multiples, the peer group contains listed companies within the micro-mobility and car-hailing market. We exclude some companies, as we cannot find or extract updated and relevant financial information on these.

Below, we have shortly described the companies used in the peer group for perspective. Note that some companies are significantly larger than GreenMobility, and the peer group landscape may change and vary across geographies.

<u>DonkeyRepublic Holding A/S</u>: Looking at the Danish stock market, Donkey Republic operates in the micro-mobility segment, providing an end-to-end bike-sharing solution. For perspective in the peer group, it is assumed that GreenMobility and Donkey Republic meet some of the same needs for residents in larger cities who want to quickly transport themselves over shorter distances.

<u>Uber Technologies Inc:</u> As shown in GreenMobility's Main Market prospectus, Uber operates in the car-hailing market in competition with local taxi companies. Note also that Uber is significantly larger than GreenMobility, implying that the company is less comparable. However, the car-hailing market affects the free-floating carsharing market, why the comparison contributes to perspective in the peer group analysis.

<u>Lyft Inc:</u> Like Uber, Lyft operates in the car-hailing market and is significantly larger than GreenMobility. Lyft is the second-largest ride—sharing service provider in North America after Uber, connecting riders and drivers over the Lyft app.

**Estimates and assumptions:** Some of the data in the peer group has not been calculated by HC Andersen Capital but is instead consensus analyst estimates from Capital IQ. HC Andersen Capital assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the numbers in the peer group; however, considers Capital IQ a credible source of information.

**Selected private transactions in the space:** Since Stellantis acquired Share Now in mid 2022, we haven't seen any major deals in the car-sharing industry. However, Lyft acquired FREENOW for approx. EUR 175m in April 2025. It should, however, be noted that FREENOW primarily is a taxi aggregation business (90% of its business), implying that a major part of its business has a different business model compared to GreenMobility's business model.